

3(6) Решить смешанную задачу:

$$u_t = u_{xx} + 9u - 9 + xe^{-16t}, \quad 0 < x < \frac{\pi}{2}, t > 0$$

$$u|_{t=0} = 1 + \sin 3x, \quad 0 < x < \frac{\pi}{2}$$

$$u|_{x=0} = 1, \quad u_x|_{x=\frac{\pi}{2}} = 0, \quad t > 0.$$

2017(2018) В 82

3(6) Решить смешанную задачу

$$u_t = u_{xx} + 9u - 9 + xe^{-16t}, \quad 0 < x < \frac{\pi}{2}, t > 0$$

$$u|_{t=0} = 1 + \sin 3x, \quad 0 < x < \frac{\pi}{2}$$

$$u|_{x=0} = 1, \quad u_x|_{x=\frac{\pi}{2}} = 0, \quad t > 0$$

① Замена искомого ф-ии, приводящая к однородному ГУ:  $u = w + v$

$$w = 1 \quad \boxed{\text{замена } u = 1 + v}$$

$$\begin{cases} v_t = v_{xx} + 9v + xe^{-16t} \end{cases}$$

$$\begin{cases} v|_{t=0} = \sin 3x \end{cases}$$

$$\begin{cases} v|_{x=0} = 0, \quad v_x|_{x=\frac{\pi}{2}} = 0 \end{cases}$$

(+1)

② ЗУА  $\begin{cases} \Delta z = z_{xx}(x) = \lambda z \\ z(0) = z'(\frac{\pi}{2}) = 0 \end{cases}$

$$\ominus \lambda = a^2 > 0 \rightarrow \emptyset$$

$$\triangle ? \lambda = 0 \quad z = C_1 + C_2 x \quad \begin{matrix} \text{ЛГУ} \rightarrow C_1 = 0 \\ \text{ПГУ} \rightarrow C_2 = 0 \end{matrix} \quad \emptyset$$



$$\textcircled{5} \quad \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} T_k(t) z_k(x) = \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} T_k(t) \left[ g - (1+2k)^2 \right] z_k(x) + \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} b_k e^{-16t} z_k(x)$$

$$T_k(0) = \begin{cases} 0, & k \in \{0\} \cup \mathbb{N} \setminus \{1\} \\ 1, & k=1 \end{cases}$$

•  $k=1$

•  $k=2$

$$g - (1+2k)^2$$

$$k=1=0$$

$$k=0 \quad g - 1^2 > 0$$

а для БУ вид функции Sum Set  
refers  $e^{at}$

$$k \geq 2, \quad g - (1+2k)^2 < 0$$

для БУ вид функции Sum Set  
 $C_1 \cos at + C_2 \sin at$

$$e^{-16t} \quad ? \quad \text{резонанс} \quad g - (1+2k)^2 = -16$$

$$1+2k=5 \quad k=2$$

$k=0$  (за этот случай орки не учтены)

$$T_0 t = 8T_0 + \frac{4}{\pi} e^{-16t} \quad T_0(0) = 0$$

$$T_0 = C e^{8t} + a e^{-16t} \quad -24a = \frac{4}{\pi} \quad a = \frac{-1}{6\pi}$$

$$C = -a \quad T_0 = \frac{1}{6\pi} (e^{8t} - e^{-16t})$$

$k=1$   $T_1 t = \frac{-4}{9\pi} e^{-16t}; \quad T_1(0) = 1$

$$T_1 = \frac{1}{36\pi} e^{-16t} + C \quad \text{us ny} \quad \frac{1}{36\pi} + C = 1$$

$$C = 1 - \frac{1}{36\pi}$$

$$T_1 = 1 - \frac{1}{36\pi} + \frac{1}{36\pi} e^{-16t} \quad (+i)$$

$$\boxed{k=2}$$

$$\begin{cases} T_2'(t) = -16 T_2 + \frac{4(-1)^2}{25\pi} e^{-16t} \\ T_2(0) = 0 \end{cases}$$

resonance

$$T_2 = C e^{-16t} + a t e^{-16t}$$

Pol(t)

us HU C=0

$$a e^{-16t} + a t (-16) e^{-16t} = -16 a t e^{-16t} + \frac{4}{25\pi} e^{-16t}$$

$$a = \frac{4}{25\pi}$$

$$\boxed{T_2(t) = \frac{4t}{25\pi} e^{-16t}} \quad (+1)$$

$$\boxed{k \geq 3}$$

$$\begin{cases} T_k' = (9 - (1+2k)^2) T_k + b_k e^{-16t} \\ T_k(0) = 0 \end{cases}$$

$$T_k = C e^{[9 - (1+2k)^2]t} + A e^{-16t}$$

us HU C = -A

$$-16A = (9 - (1+2k)^2)A + b_k$$

$$((1+2k)^2 - 25)A = \frac{4(-1)^k}{\pi(1+2k)^2}$$

$$A = \frac{4(-1)^k}{\pi(1+2k)^2 [(1+2k)^2 - 25]}$$

$$\boxed{T_k = \frac{4(-1)^k (e^{-16t} - e^{[9 - (1+2k)^2]t})}{\pi(1+2k)^2 [(1+2k)^2 - 25]}} \quad (+1)$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 \text{Ober: } u &= 1 + \\
 &+ \left( 1 - \frac{1}{36\pi} + \frac{1}{36\pi} e^{-16t} \right) \sin 3x + \\
 &+ \frac{4}{25\pi} t e^{-16t} \sin 5x + \\
 &+ \sum_{k=0,3,4,\dots}^{\infty} \frac{4(-1)^k [e^{-16t} - e^{[9-(1+2k)^2]t}]}{\pi(1+2k)^2 [(1+2k)^2 - 25]} \sin(1+2k)x
 \end{aligned}$$